

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO.

2019

TEST BOOKLET

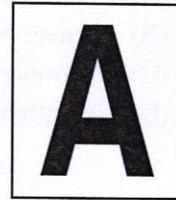
TEST BOOKLET SERIES

Time allowed : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours

Full marks : 100

Answer *all* the questions.

Questions are of equal value.



0405

Serial No.

Roll No.

Signature of the Candidate:

INSTRUCTIONS

Candidates should read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions:

1. This booklet consists of 12 pages including this front page, containing 100 questions. **Verify the Page Nos. and Test Booklet series on each page and bring at once to the Invigilator's notice any discrepancy.**
2. Answers will have to be given in the Special Answer-Sheet supplied for the purpose.
3. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer-Sheet in response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer-Sheet as per instructions sent to you in the Admit Card. **Do not fold the Answer-Sheet as this will result in error in your marks.**
4. All questions are of multiple-choice answer-type. You will find **four** probable answers (A), (B), (C) and (D) against each question. Find out which of the four answers appears to you to be correct or the best. Now darken the circle corresponding to the letter of the selected answer in the Answer-Sheet with **Black Ball Point Pen** as per instructions printed on the reverse of the Admit Card and in the Answer-Sheet.
5. One and only one circle is to be fully blackened for answer. Any spot in any other circle (multiple circle) or in wrong circle will be considered as wrong answer. If more than one circle is encoded for a particular answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer.
6. **There will be negative marking of $\frac{1}{3}$ mark for each wrong answer.**
7. **There is a blank page at the end of this Booklet for Rough Work.**
8. **The Special Answer-Sheet should be handed over to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall. You are permitted to take away the used Test Booklet after completion of the examination.**

1. The ongoing or systematic assessment of student's achievement during the curricular programme is known as

- (A) Summative evaluation
- (B) Formative evaluation
- (C) Intermittent evaluation
- (D) Concurrent evaluation

2. A 2-month old infant was brought to the health centre for immunization, the infant's temperature registered at 38.1°C. Which is the best course of action that you will take?

- (A) Go on with the infant's immunization.
- (B) Give paracetamol and wait for his fever to subside.
- (C) Refer the infant to the physician for further assessment.
- (D) Advise the infant's mother to bring him back for immunization when he is well.

3. The muscle layer of the heart is called the _____.

- (A) Myocardium
- (B) Endocardium
- (C) Pericardium
- (D) Parietal pericardium

4. Absent of speech and activities termed as _____.

- (A) Autism
- (B) Mutism
- (C) Aphasia
- (D) Cretinism

5. A common data collecting instrument in nursing research is _____.

- (A) Interview
- (B) Questionnaire
- (C) Rating Scale
- (D) Observation Checklist

6. The movement of water through a selective permeable membrane is called _____.

- (A) Facilitated diffusion
- (B) Active transport
- (C) Simple diffusion
- (D) Osmosis

7. The nurse would increase the comfort of the patient with appendicitis by _____.

- (A) having the patient lie prone.
- (B) flexing patient's right knee.
- (C) sitting the patient upright in a chair.
- (D) turning the patient onto his/her left side.

8. Which of the following acts can a one year old child perform?

- (A) Sits down from a standing position
- (B) Drinks from cup
- (C) Speaks one or two words with meaning
- (D) Rings bells purposefully

9. For prevention of Hepatitis A, you decided to conduct health education activities. Which of the following is irrelevant?

- (A) Use of sterile syringe and needle.
- (B) Safe food preparation and food handling by the vendors.
- (C) Proper disposal of human excreta and personal hygiene.
- (D) Immediate reporting of water pipe leaks and illegal water connection.

10. Nursing care of the patient receiving intravenous infusion includes which of the following?

- (A) Changing the I/V catheter daily.
- (B) Changing the catheter every 8 hourly.
- (C) Increasing the rate to make up the correct amount which has not been infused at the end of the shift.
- (D) Monitoring the flow rate at least every hour.